## First Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July/August 2021 Calculus and Linear Algebra

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.

1 a. With usual notations prove that 
$$\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Find the radius of curvature at the point 
$$\left(\frac{3a}{2}, \frac{3a}{2}\right)$$
 for the curve  $x^3 + y^3 = 3axy$ . (06 Marks)

c. Show that the evolute of the parabola 
$$y^2 = 4ax$$
 is  $27ay^2 = 4(x - 2a)^3$ . (08 Marks)

2 a. Find the pedal equation of 
$$r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$$
. (06 Marks)

b. Show that for the curve 
$$r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$$
 the radius of curvature  $\rho = \frac{a^2}{3r}$ . (06 Marks)

c. Find the angle between the curves 
$$r = a \log \theta$$
 and  $r = \frac{a}{\log \theta}$ . (08 Marks)

3 a. Using Maclaurin's series prove that 
$$\sqrt{1+\sin 2x} = 1 + x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Evaluate i) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left( \frac{a^x + b^x + c^x + d^x}{4} \right)^{1/x}$$
 ii)  $\lim_{x \to 0} (\cos x)^{\frac{1}{x^2}}$  (07 Marks)

c. Show that the function 
$$xy(a - x - y)$$
 is maximum at  $\left(\frac{a}{3}, \frac{a}{3}\right)$ . Hence find maximum value if  $a > 0$ . (07 Marks)

4 a. If 
$$U = f(x - y, y - z, z - x)$$
 show that  $\frac{\partial U}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial U}{\partial z} = 0$ . (06 Marks)

c. Find 
$$\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$$
 where  $U = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ ,  $V = xy + yz + zx$  and  $W = x + y + z$ . (07 Marks)

5 a. Evaluate 
$$\int_{-c-b-a}^{c-b} \int_{-a}^{a} (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dxdydz$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Find the area enclosed by the parabolas 
$$y^2 = 4ax$$
 and  $x^2 = 4ay$ . (07 Marks)

c. Prove that 
$$\int_{0}^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\sin \theta} \, d\theta \cdot \int_{0}^{\pi/2} \frac{d\theta}{\sqrt{\sin \theta}} = \pi$$
 (07 Marks)

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- Change the order of integration and evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$ . (06 Marks)
  - Find the volume of the solid bounded by the planes x = 0, y = 0, z = 0 x + y + z = 1. (07 Marks)
  - Derive the relation between Beta and Gamma function as B(m,n) = (07 Marks)
- A body in air at 25°C cools from 100°C to 75°C in 1 minute. Find the temperature of the body at the end of 3 minutes. (06 Marks)
  - b. Find the orthogonal trajectory of  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \lambda} = 1$ ,  $\lambda$  is parameter. c. Solve  $(x^2 + y^2 + x)dx + xydy = 0$ . (07 Marks)
  - (07 Marks)
- Solve the L-R circuit  $L\frac{dI}{dt} + RI = E$  Initially I = 0 when t = 0. (06 Marks)
  - Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = y^3 \sec x$ . Solve  $yp^2 + (x y) p x = 0$ . (07 Marks
  - (07 Marks)
- Find the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix}
3 & -4 & -1 & 2 \\
1 & 7 & 3 & 1 \\
5 & -2 & 5 & 4 \\
9 & -3 & 7 & 7
\end{pmatrix}$$

by applying elementary row operations.

(06 Marks)

- Find the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector for
  - with initial vector (1 1 1)<sup>T</sup> [carryout 5 iterations].
- c. Investigate the values of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  such that the system of equations x + y + z = 6x + 2y + 3z = 10,  $x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$  may have i) Unique solution ii) Infinite solution iii) No solution.
- Solve the following system of equation x + y + z = 9, x 2y + 3z = 8, 2x + y z = 3 by 10 Gauss elimination method. (06 Marks)
  - into diagonal form. (07 Marks)
  - Solve the following system of equations by Gauss-Seidal method. 20x + y 2z = 17, 3x + 20y-z = -18, 2x - 3y + 20z = 25 [carryout three iterations]. (07 Marks)